

**SOIL HYDROLOGY RESEARCH PLATFORM UNDERPINNING
INNOVATION**

**TO MANAGE WATER SCARCITY IN EUROPEAN & CHINESE
CROPPING SYSTEMS**



Managing water scarcity in European
and Chinese cropping systems

Proyecto Horizonte 2020: SHui

Acciones, colaboración con GO, posibilidades, ...

Ana Sánchez Montero, Dr. José A. Gómez (IAS-CSIC)
Córdoba, 7 de abril de 2021.



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Project: 773903



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Guion

- 1- Que es el proyecto.**
- 2- Ejemplo de acciones y objetivos en relación a suelo.**
- 3- Ejemplo colaboración con GO.**
- 4- Contacto con SHui y más...**

Objetivo

Explicar proyecto y contribuir a explorar sinergias entre proyectos de Horizonte (2020, Europa, ...), stakeholders españoles y GOs.



1- ¿Qué es el proyecto?



Managing water scarcity in European and Chinese cropping systems

Es un proyecto con el objetivo de optimizar el uso de agua y suelo en sistemas agrícola en Europa y China.

Hablamos de rotaciones de cereal y cultivos leñosos.

Proyecto en curso, va de Septiembre de 2018 a Agosto 2022, coordinado por IAS-CSIC.



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1- ¿Qué es el proyecto?



19 socios, 9 en China, 2 PYME (Grecia e Israel).

- | | | | |
|-------------------|---------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 1- ARO, Israel. | 6- CUHK, Hong Kong. | 11- Fondazione MEDES, Italy. | 16- TerraVision Lab Ltd. Israel. |
| 2- BJFU, Beijing. | 7- CRSRI, Wuhan. | 12- KU Leuven, Belgium. | 17- UCO, Spain. |
| 3- BNU, Beijing. | 8- CSIC, Spain. | 13- NAU, Nanging. | 18- UGOE, Germany. |
| 4- BOKU, Austria. | 9- CVUT, Czech R. | 14- NWAUFU, China. | 19- ULANC, U.K. |
| 5- CAU, Beijing. | 10- FAFU, Fujian. | 15- Terra Nova Ltd., Greece. | |



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1- ¿Qué es el proyecto?

Para ello tiene estos ejes

- 1- Crear base de datos experimentos a largo plazo.**
- 2- Explorar el uso de modelos de simulación para ver mejores estrategias de manejo (en riego, secano). *Desde rotaciones a estrategias de riego, a buenas prácticas frente erosión.***
- 3- Identificar componente socioeconómico. *Principales necesidades de stakeholders, análisis coste/beneficio.***
- 4- Desarrollar algunas herramientas, tradicionales o digitales, para implementar estas estrategias.**



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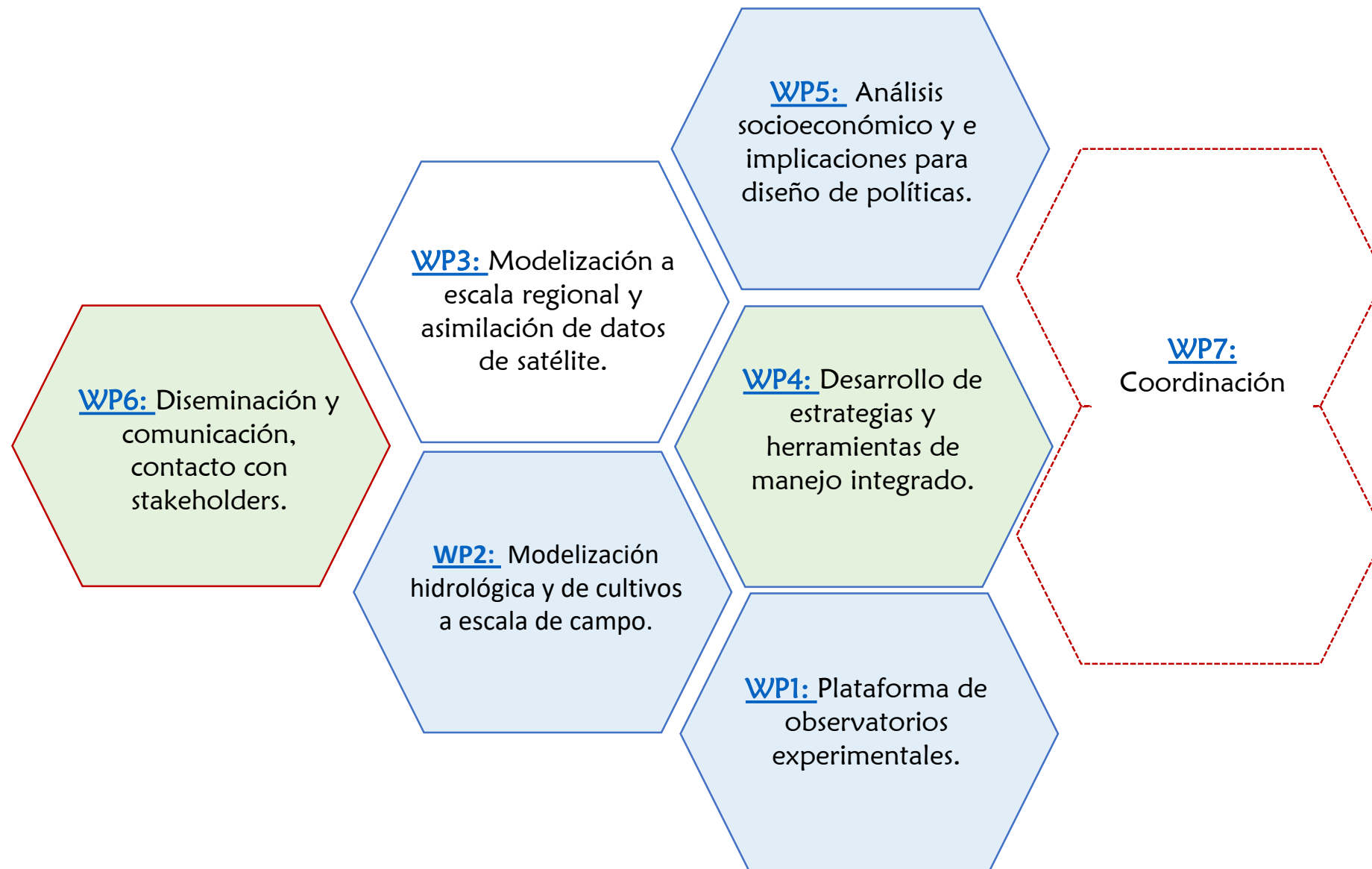
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1- ¿Qué es el proyecto?



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1- ¿Qué es el proyecto?

¿Qué pueden aportar?

- 1- Experimentos: Ver cómo ha funcionado en un número amplio de sitios.**
- 2- Entender claramente hasta donde extrapolar resultados de modelos, idear nuevas ideas de manejo mejorado digitalmente antes de probar.**
- 3- Entender rangos de condiciones socioeconómicas y otras políticas.**
- 4- Material y herramientas lista para usar o adaptara nuestros proyectos.**



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1- ¿Qué es el proyecto?

¿Qué pueden aportar?

1- Perspectiva.

2- Manera eficaz de estar al día del estado actual
de la ciencia y técnica.

3- Conocer socios interesantes.



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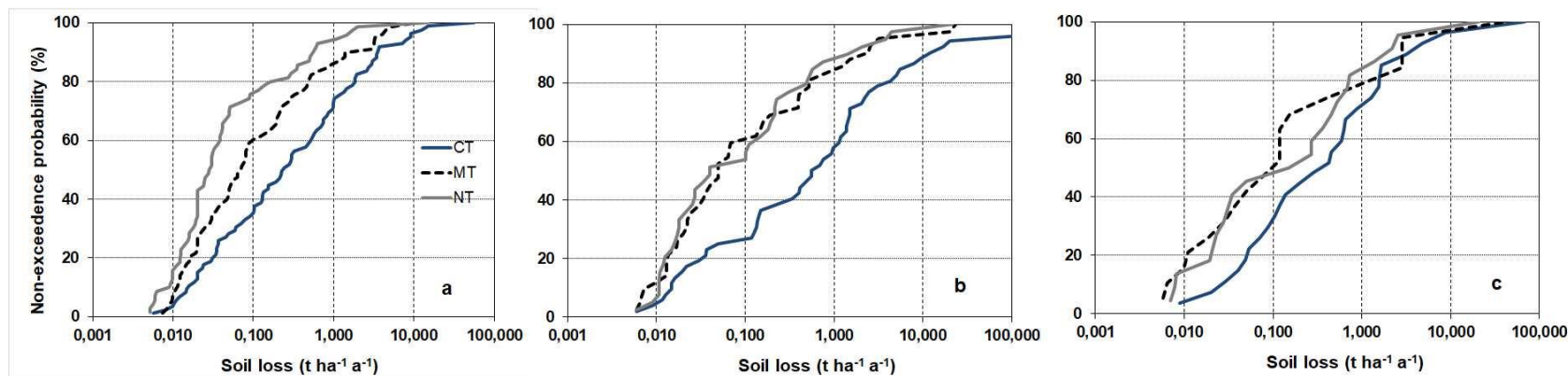
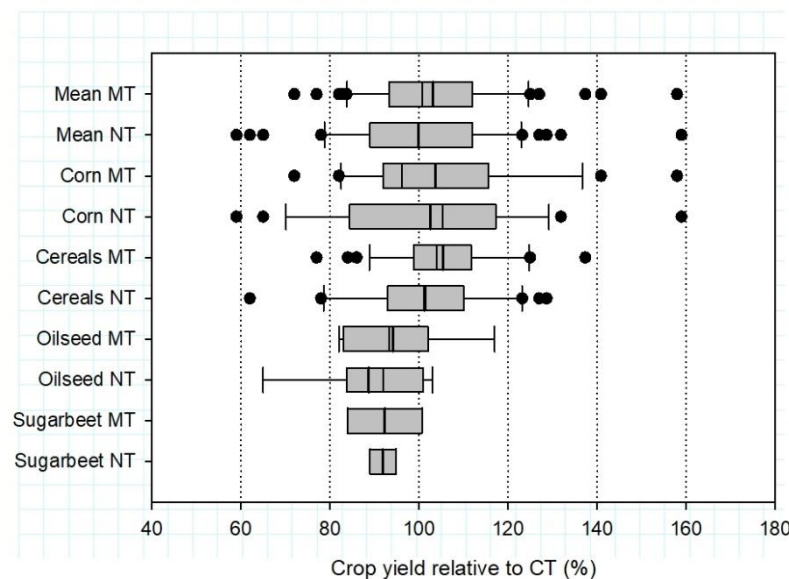


2- Ejemplos de acciones en Shui relacionadas con suelo



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1 (WP1)- Experimentos: 25 años de medidas continuadas de efecto de AC en Austria.



Klik y Rosner 2020.



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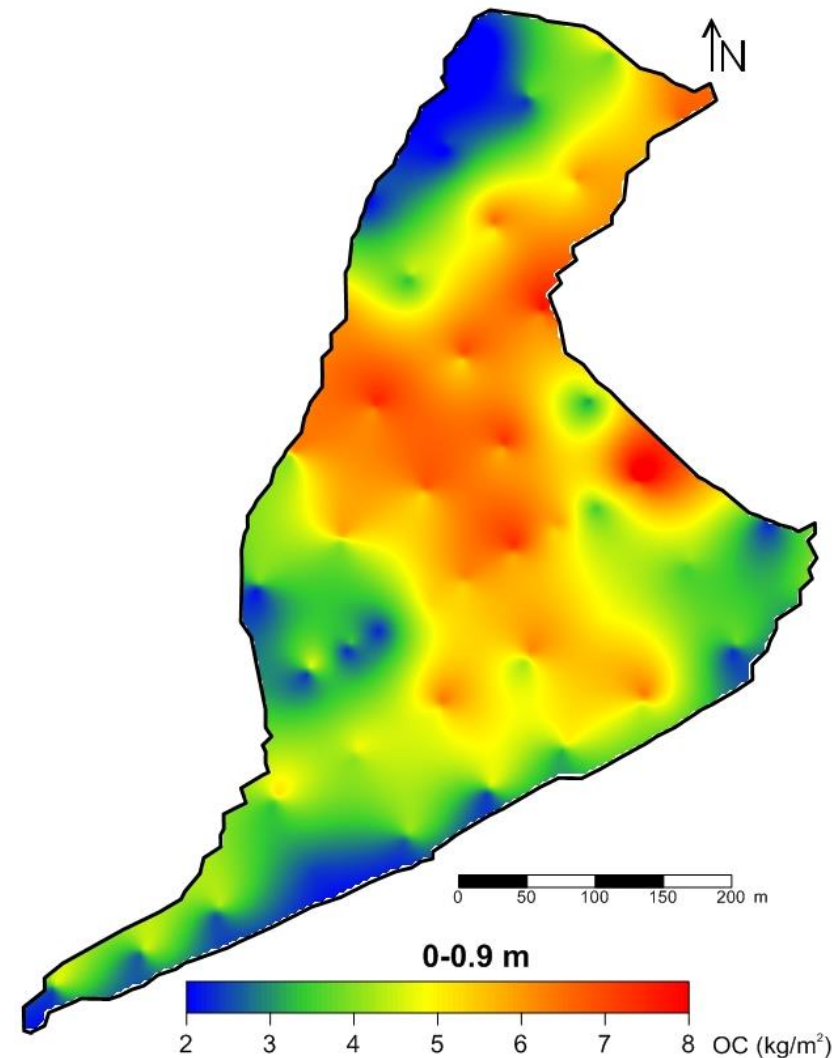
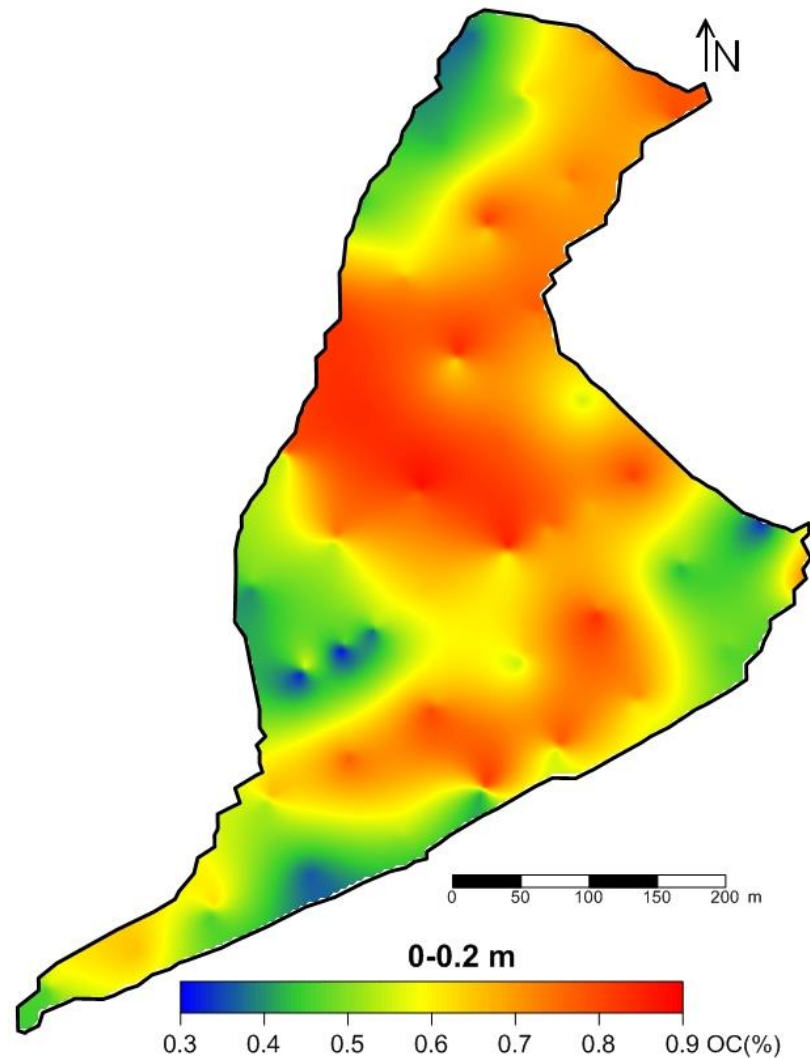
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2- Ejemplos de acciones en Shui relacionadas con suelo



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Gomez et al., en preparación

Como este hay más ejemplos de estudios a largo plazo, incluidos leñosos (olivar y viñedo) en España.



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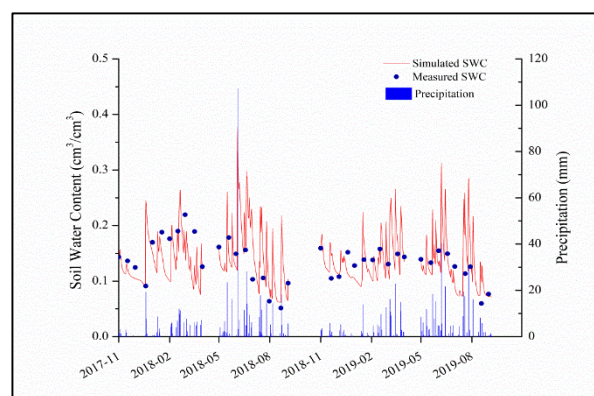
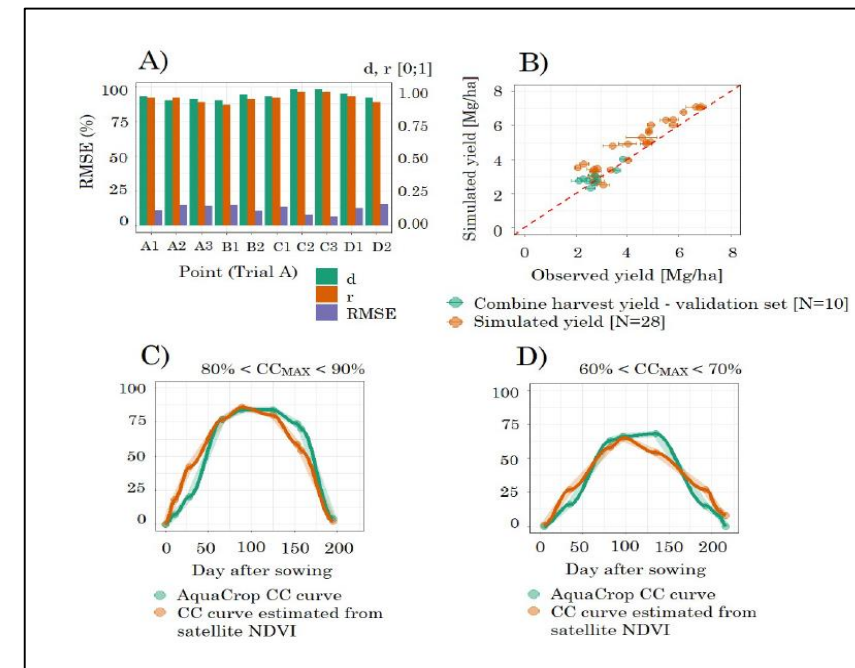
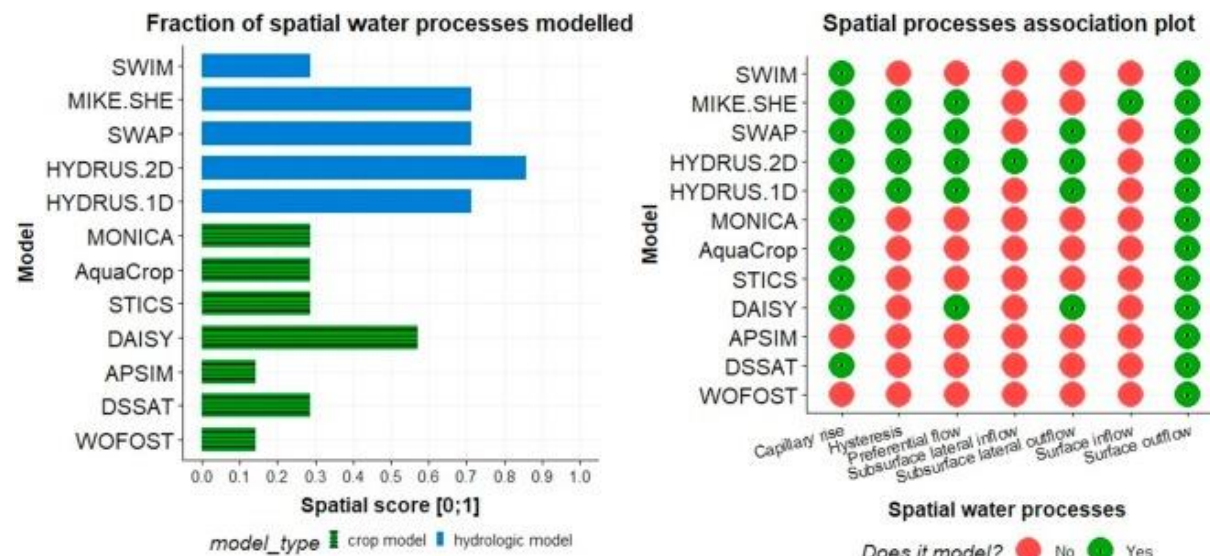


2- Ejemplos de acciones en Shui relacionadas con suelo



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2 (WP2)- Evaluación de capacidades predictivas de efecto de prácticas de manejo. Límites de los modelos.



Dostal et al. (2021).



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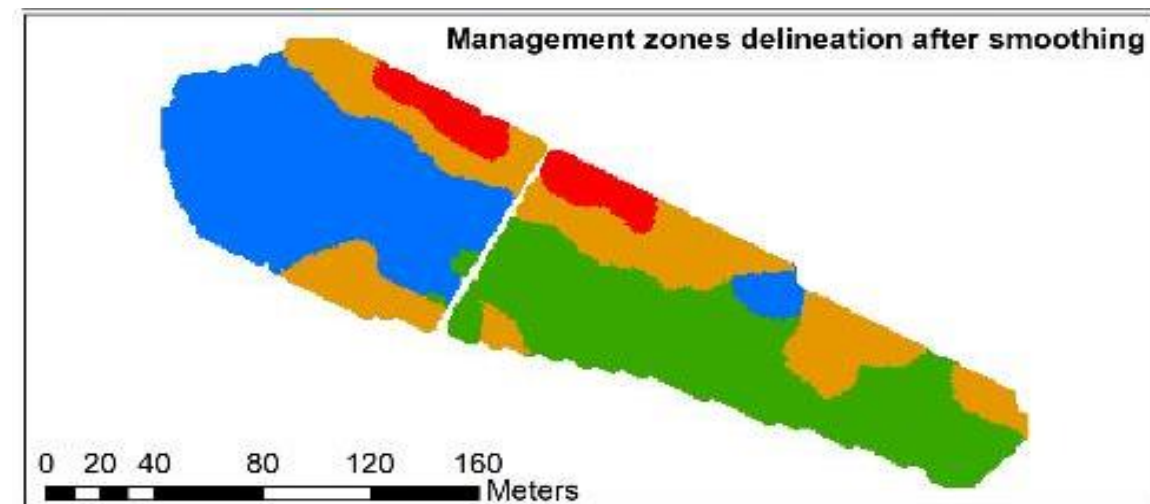
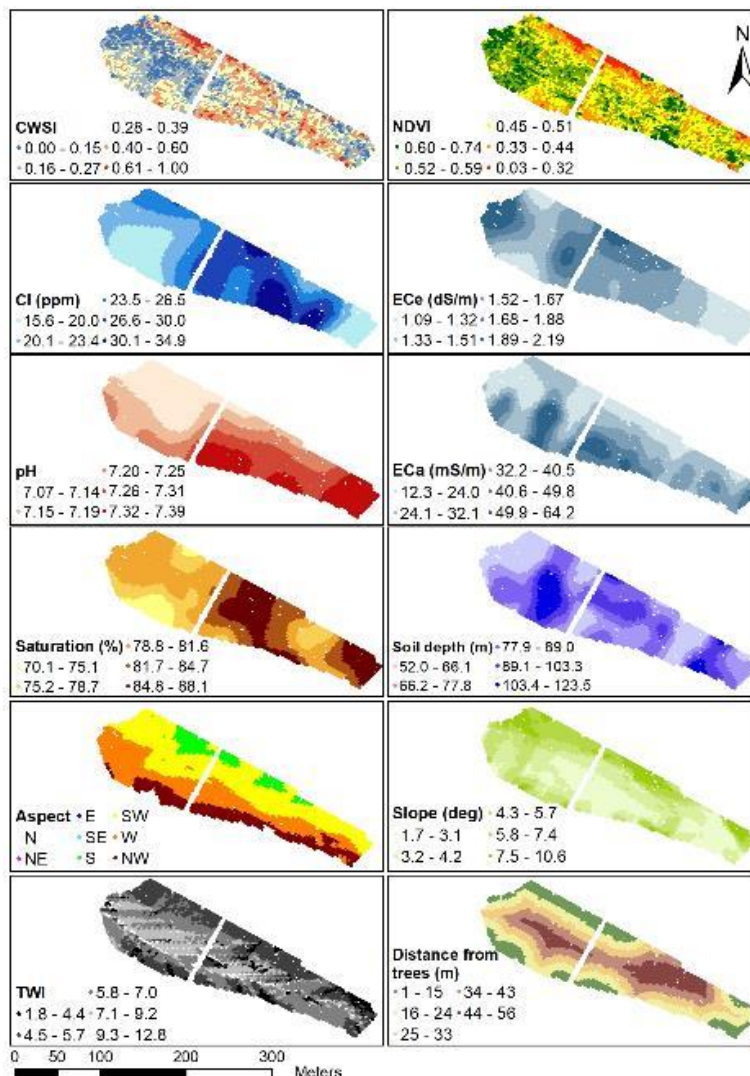


2- Ejemplos de acciones en Shui relacionadas con suelo



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2 (WP4)- Discriminación de zonas homogéneas para manejos diferenciados. Basado en sensores, cercanos o remotos.



Peter et al.(2020)



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2- Ejemplos de acciones en Shui relacionadas con suelo



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2 (WP4)- Aplicaciones digitales para facilitar manejo relacionado con suelo y agua.

WaterVitis un modelo para predecir el balance de agua y el estado de stress hídrico en viñedo.

Miras-Avalos et al. (2020).

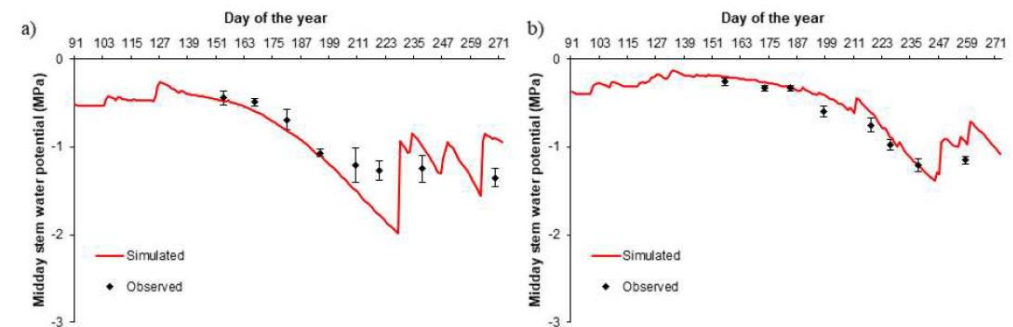


Figure 2 – Temporal evolution of midday stem water potential (Ψ_{stem}) values for a) the rain-fed treatment in 2003, and b) the fully irrigated treatment in 2004. Error bars indicate standard deviations.



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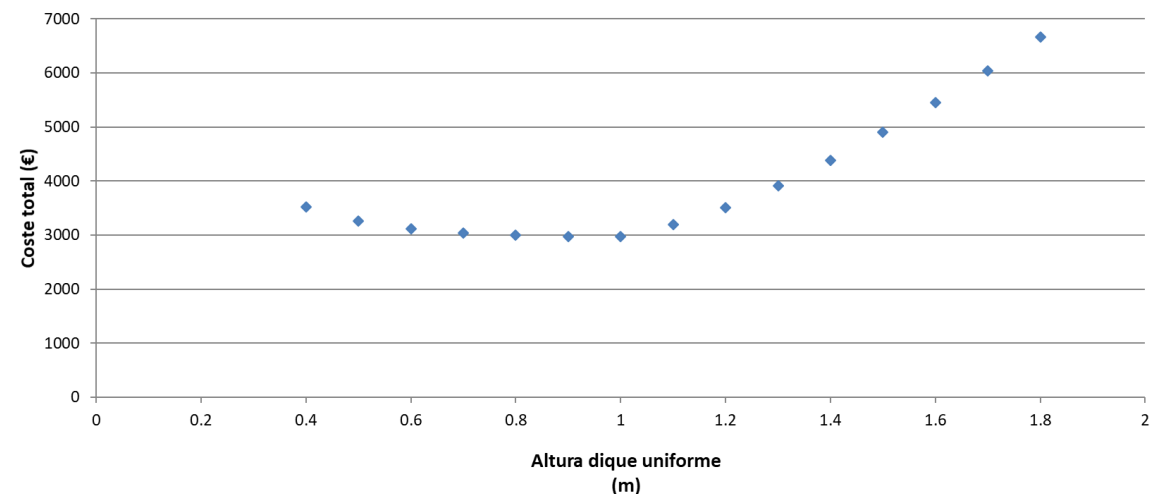
2- Ejemplos de acciones en Shui relacionadas con suelo



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2 (WP4)- Aplicaciones digitales para facilitar manejo relacionado con suelo y agua.

Gully-Opt, una herramienta para determinar el espaciado y tamaño óptimo para diques de retención en control de cárcavas



Gómez et al. (en preparación)



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2- Ejemplos de acciones en Shui relacionadas con suelo



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2 (WP4)- Catálogo integrado de buenas prácticas.

- 3-Definition-and-classification-of-Best-Management-Practices-(BMPs)-for-soil-and-water-conservation-in-agricultural-areas.
- 3.1-Summary-of-BMPs-for-soil-and-water-conservation.

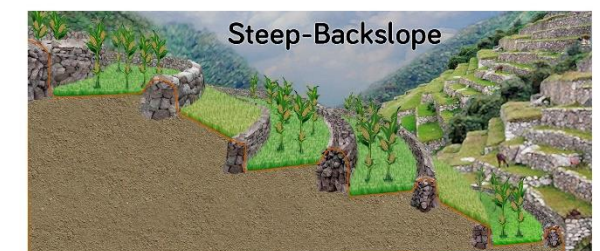
Table 3.1.1. Summary BMPs for soil and water conservation. GAEC, Good Agricultural and Environmental Conditions

#	BMP	Definition, link to card	Main purpose	Additional impacts	CAP-GAEC, as Table A.2
1	Terraces	Modification of terrain to reduce slope and facilitate traffic	Erosion control, water conservation	Improvement of soil and water quality	GAEC-7, GAEC-6
2	Contour planting of tree and vine crops	Planting of annual and perennial vegetation line following the contour lines of the slope	Erosion control	Water conservation	GAEC-7, GAEC-6
3	Maintenance of landscape elements	Maintenance of non-productive natural or artificial landscape elements	Improvement of biodiversity	Improvement of landscape values	GAEC-9, partially GAEC-6 and GAEC-4
4	Cover crops in tree crops	Use of vegetation in the lanes avoiding bare soil	Erosion control	Improvement soil quality and biodiversity	GAEC-7, GAEC-6
5	Mulching in tree crops	Covering of the soil in the lanes using mulching material	Erosion control	Improvement soil quality, water conservation	GAEC-7, GAEC-6
6	Contour farming	Tilling following the contour lines of the terrain	Erosion control	Water conservation	GAEC7, GAEC-6
7	Vegetated barriers	Vegetation barriers obstructing the flow of runoff	Offsite contamination	Erosion control	GAEC-4, GAEC-9, partially GAEC-6 and GAEC-7
8	Gully control structures	Restoration of gullies present and the field	Erosion control	Offsite contamination improvement of biodiversity and landscape values	GAEC-7, GAEC-4, GAEC-6
9	Conservation Agriculture	Reduction of soil disturbance through minimization of tillage	Erosion control	Offsite contamination through runoff, improvement of biodiversity	GAEC-7, GAEC-6
10	Cover crops in annual crops	Cover crops intercropped, in time or space, with annual crops	Erosion control	Improvement of soil quality, reduction of offsite contamination	GAEC-4, GAEC-7, GAEC-6
11	Agroforestry	Integration of trees for forest production with crops and/or livestock	Diversification of farm products	Improvement of soil quality and biodiversity, reduction of erosion and offsite contamination	GAEC-6, GAEC-4, GAEC-7
12	Water harvesting	Techniques aimed to concentrate and stored surface or subsurface runoff for crop use	Water conservation	Improvement of water quality	None
13	Deficit irrigation	Use of limited available water for irrigation in best period for yield	Water conservation	Water saving	None
14	Water reuse	Reuse of water from previous activities	Water conservation	Water saving	None
15	Increasing soil water holding capacity	Influencing soil parameters and soil profile properties for better infiltration and water storage capability	Soil conservation	Water saving	GAEC-4, GAEC-7, GAEC-6

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By Cross section



Gómez et al. (en preparación).



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3- Una colaboración con un GO.



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GO nacional Cereal-Agua. Coord. Federico Julián (Ambienta).

1- Caracterización y uso de BPM en cereal, e.g. cubierta de invierno en lugar de barbecho o vaguada vegetada.

2- Traducción y diseminación del manual de BPM en castellano.



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4- Contactos, posibles colaboraciones en algún momento.



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1- Para cualquiera interesado el mejor acceso es a través de la página web del proyecto. Si necesitan algo que nos escriban directamente a nosotros (ver emails al final) o directamente al socio que les interese.

<https://www.shui-eu.org/>



2- Gran parte de los resultados empezarán a estar disponibles a mediados finales de este año. Casi todos libres, aunque alguna aplicación digital es posible que sea en otra modalidad de colaboración.



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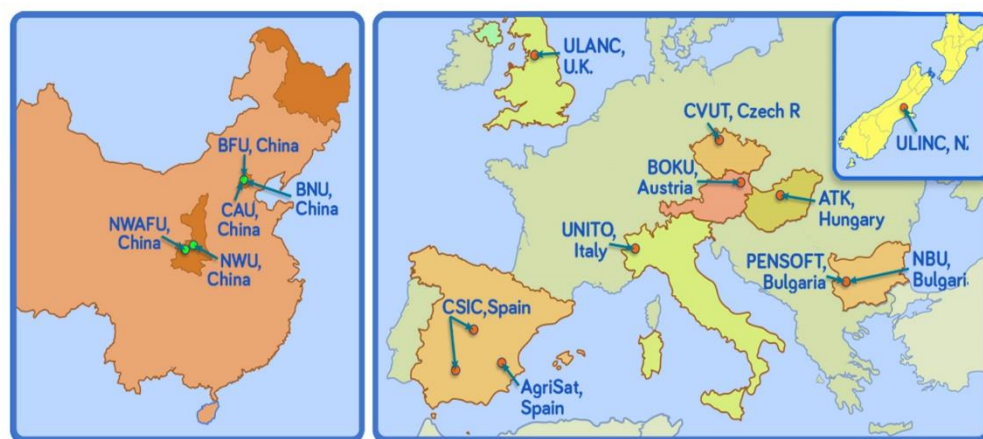


4- Contactos, posibles colaboraciones en algún momento.



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3- No es el único proyecto. En Junio/Julio empieza otro EU-China por 4 años más centrado aun en suelo y en aplicaciones para mejora de los suelos.



15 socios, 5 en China, 1 en Nueva Zelanda, 2 PYMES (España y Bulgaria).



Es un proyecto mucho más de abajo hacia arriba en el que se cuenta con el feedback de distintos stakeholders para definir sus necesidades de herramientas. Este, u otro proyectos Horizon similares, podrían ser un buen punto de encuentro con acciones de la EIP-Agri como los GO.

	Nº Farmers	Partner	Selected main cooperators
Cooperators	11 250		Union of small farmers UPA, OG
	6 100	CSIC, Spain	Hungarian Chamber of Agriculture
	3 300	ATK, Hungary	Corteva Agrisciences
	2 800	AgriSat, Spain	Jixian Forestry Bureau
	1 035	BFU, Beijing	Jiusan S&W Conservation Station
	1 020	BNU, Beijing	Agricultural schools of Lower Austria
	13 300	BOKU, Austria	Beijing Aogenike Biotechnology
	8 150	CAU, Beijing	Vysokomytska Synklinala, OG
	46 050	CVUT, Czech R	Assoc. of farmers Dairy NZ
	150	ULINC, NZ	Local Action Group Slivniza-Drigoman
	39 355	NBU, Bulgaria	Ansai Research Station S&W Conservation
	12 000	NWAFU, China	Luochuan meiyu high biotechnology
	120	NWU, China	L.A.G. Troyan, Apriltsi, Ugarchin
	2 000	PENSOFT, Bulgaria	National Farmers Union
	61 700	ULANC, UK	Assoc. of farmers Coldiretti
	UNITO, Italy		



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